

Greek Alphabet (with numeric values)

<u>Letter</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Value</u>
A α	Alpha	1
B β	Beta	2
Γ γ	Gamma	3
Δ δ	Delta	4
Ε ε	Epsilon	5
F f	*Digamma	6
Z ζ	Zeta	7
H η	Eta	8
Θ θ	Theta	9
I ι	Iota	10
K κ	Kappa	20
Λ λ	Lambda	30
M μ	Mu	40
N ν	Nu	50
Ξ ξ	Xi	60
O ο	Omicron	70
Π π	Pi	80
Q q	*Koppa	90
P ρ	Rho	100
Σ σς	Sigma	200
T τ	Tau	300
Υ υ	Upsilon	400
Φ φ	Phi	500
X χ	Chi	600
Ψ ψ	Psi	700
Ω ω	Omega	800
ΪΪ	*Sampi	900

<u>**Greek</u>	<u>English</u>
Αυτοχρατωρ	Emperor
Καισαρ	Caesar
Δομετιανος	Domitian
Σεβαστος	Augustan
Γερμανικος	Germanicus

**NOTE: ΑΚΑΙΔΟΜΕΤΣΕΒΓΕ
The imperial name of Domitian on coins.

$$\underline{\Lambda} - \underline{\kappa} \alpha \iota - \underline{\Delta} o m e t - \Sigma \varepsilon \beta - \Gamma \varepsilon \\ + + + + + = .$$

$$\text{Ιησουσ} - \text{Jesus} \\ \underline{I} + \underline{\eta} + \underline{\sigma} + \underline{o} + \underline{\nu} + \underline{\sigma} \\ + + + + + = :$$

** Stauffer, Etherbert. Christ and The Caesars. 1955, First English Translation from German. Printed by The Camelot Press LTD, London & Southampton, Great Britain. Preface and Page 179, Paragraph 2 & Footnote 1.

Note: * means that it was not one of the original (24) letters in the Greek Alphabet, but added later for numeric reasons.